

Final Review: U.S. HISTORY / Spring 2015

Dear Student: This Final Review contains questions which can be included on your Final Exam. Your teacher will determine the final content of the semester assessment.

NOTE: This assignment will count as a MAJOR GRADE, so please work accordingly.

In the space below, please list the DAY, DATE, and TIME for your Final Exam:

DAY: _____ **DATE:** _____ **TIME:** _____

This assignment counts as a **MAJOR GRADE**—work accordingly. **DUE:** _____

CHAPTER 9: Launching the New Government (1789-1800)

IDENTIFICATION

Identify the political party with the statement using the following abbreviations:

DR: Democratic Republican **F:** Federalist

- | | |
|--|---|
| ___ 1. Led by Thomas Jefferson | ___ 9. Favored protective tariff |
| ___ 2. Favored national bank | ___ 10. Opposed national bank |
| ___ 3. Loose interpretation of the Constitution | ___ 11. Favored strong central government |
| ___ 4. Opposed protective tariff | ___ 12. Believed all people should have political power |
| ___ 5. Pro-British | ___ 13. Led by Alexander Hamilton |
| ___ 6. Strict interpretation of the Constitution | ___ 14. Pro-French |
| ___ 7. Economy based on agriculture | ___ 15. Favored strong state governments |
| ___ 8. Economy based on manufacturing, shipping, and trading | ___ 16. Believed wealthy and well-educated should lead the nation |
17. What were President Washington's beliefs about foreign policy?

CHAPTER 10 / The Age of Jefferson (1801-1816)

18. From which foreign nation did the United States purchase Louisiana in 1803?
19. How did both Britain and France disregard American neutrality in the early 1800s?
20. What is judicial review? Give an example.
21. Which Supreme Court decision established the principle of judicial review?
22. Who wrote the decision establishing the principle of judicial review?

23. What is the main reason that France sold Louisiana to the United States?
24. Which is the proper sequence of the final events of the War of 1812: (Label 1 / 2 / 3)
___ signing of the Treaty of Ghent ___ burning of Washington, D.C. ___ Battle of New Orleans
25. Why did New Englanders organize the Hartford Convention?

CHAPTER 11 / The Nation Grows and Prospers (1790-1825)

26. How did the factory system affect the Industrial Revolution?
27. When and how did the United States gain Florida from Spain?
28. What effect did sectionalism have on the Era of Good Feelings?
29. What was important about the Supreme Court decision in McCullough v. Maryland?
30. The first successful factory of the Industrial Revolution produced what?
31. How did the development of canals in the early 1800s affect the shipment of farm goods?
32. When and why did President Monroe announce the Monroe Doctrine?
33. Congress protected American manufacturers after the War of 1812 by doing what to imported goods?
34. What was important about the Supreme Court decision in Gibbons v. Ogden?

CHAPTER 12 / The Jacksonian Era (1824-1840)

35. What conclusion did President Jackson draw about the Bank of the United States?
36. Which group thought of Andrew Jackson as their champion?
37. What new political party of the 1830s attracted former supporters of John Quincy Adams?
38. Describe the outcome of the 1824 presidential election:
39. What new political party of the 1830s attracted supporters of Andrew Jackson?
40. What led President Andrew Jackson's opponents to call him "King Andrew"?
41. Why did Andrew Jackson accuse Clay and J.Q. Adams of making a "corrupt bargain" in the election of 1824?

CHAPTER 13 / Westward Expansion (1820-1860)

42. What development immediately followed the Texan victory at the Battle of San Jacinto?
43. How did the United States and Britain settle their dispute over Oregon?
44. What was one challenge faced by the “Lone Star Republic”?
45. What final incident caused President Polk to urge Congress to declare war on Mexico?
46. What event caused Texans to seek revenge against Santa Anna’s troops at the Battle of San Jacinto?
47. How did the belief in Manifest Destiny contribute to the westward expansion of the United States?
48. What did most Texans believe should be done to solve the independent republic’s problems?

CHAPTER 14 / North and South (1820-1860)

49. What made it possible for southern planters to boost their profits after 1793?
50. What is one way that steam-powered machinery changed manufacturing?
51. What did factory workers hope to achieve by forming trade unions?
52. Rank the groups of white southerners from the wealthiest to the poorest: (Label 1 / 2 / 3)
___ small farmers ___ the Cottonocracy ___ poor whites
53. What was the primary purpose of the slave codes?
54. What were the results of the invention of the cotton gin?
55. Nat Turner resisted slavery by doing what?
56. Which group made up about 75 percent of the white population in the South?
57. What was the best protection for enslaved African Americans against mistreatment?

CHAPTER 15 / Reform & New American Culture (1820-1860)

58. Why did some people in both the North and the South oppose the abolition of slavery?
59. What was a result of Dorothea Dix’s efforts at social reform?

60. What did temperance groups view as the most serious social problem of the 1800s?
61. Which group would have benefited most from Thomas Gallaudet's reform efforts?
62. Involvement in which movement caused many women to join the struggle for women's rights?
63. Which group wanted to ship freed slaves back to Africa as a means to end slavery?
64. What theme was common in the writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson?
65. What theme was common in the writings of Henry David Thoreau?

CHAPTER 16 / Slavery Divides the Nation (1820-1861)

66. What compromise did Henry Clay propose for admitting Missouri to the Union?
67. Which political party was formed in 1848 for the purpose of banning slavery in western territories?
68. Describe the effects of the Missouri Compromise?
69. What is popular sovereignty? Give an example.
70. What effect did Uncle Tom's Cabin have on public opinion?
71. What issue led to the formation of the Republican party in the 1854?
72. How did the ruling on the Dred Scott case affect the slavery debate?
73. Most southerners believed that they had every right to secede according to which American document?
74. How did the Civil War begin?
75. Who wrote Uncle Tom's Cabin?
76. Describe the issue that led to the Compromise of 1850?
77. How were the goals of the Republican Party and the Free-Soil Party alike?
78. How did southerners react to Abraham Lincoln's election in 1860?

CHAPTER 17 / The Civil War (1861-1865)

79. List at least three (3) advantages/strengths for the South:

80. List at least three (3) advantages/strengths for the North:

81. What was the North's difficult military challenge?

82. Who was President of the Confederate States of America?

83. Who was President of the United States of America?

84. Who was commander of the Confederate Army?

85. List the three (3) Union plans to win the war:

86. What was the South's simpler military strategy?

87. What else was the South counting on to help fight the war?

88. Northerners were sure of a quick victory until which battle showed that the war would be long and bloody?

89. The bloodiest day of the war was on 17 September 1862 at which Maryland battle?

90. The Confederates won this May 1863 battle in Virginia but lost General Stonewall Jackson:

91. The Union capture of which two cities ended the use of the Mississippi River as a supply line?

92. What was Lincoln's goal at the start of the war?

93. Why did Lincoln handle the slavery issue cautiously?

94. What did Lincoln issue on January 1, 1863?

95. What killed more soldiers than guns and cannons? Why?

96. What three (3) things led to the South's economic hardship?

97. When did the Confederates surrender Vicksburg?
98. What was the significance of having the entire Mississippi River under Union control?
99. The turning point of the Civil War was which battle in Pennsylvania?
100. Lincoln said that the Civil War was a test of whether or not a democratic nation could survive in what speech?
101. Whom did Lincoln appoint as commander of the Union Army in 1864?
102. What was Grant's plan for ending the war known as?
103. Which Union battle victory turned around Lincoln's chances for reelection in 1864?
104. What is the significance of Richmond, Virginia?
105. What happened on April 9, 1865?
106. How was the Civil War a major turning point in American history?

CHAPTER 18 / Reconstruction (1863-1896)

107. Which Amendment to the Constitution abolished slavery in the United States?
108. Which Amendment to the Constitution gave former slaves citizenship?
109. Which Amendment to the Constitution gave former slaves the right to vote?
110. These three Amendments (107-109) are known collectively as what?

Miscellaneous STAAR Topics (Yes, these will be on the Final Exam!!)

111. **IN WHAT YEAR** was the first English colony founded at Jamestown?
112. **IN WHAT YEAR** was the Mayflower Compact signed by the Pilgrims?
113. **IN WHAT YEAR** was the Declaration of Independence signed?
114. **IN WHAT YEAR** was the Constitutional Convention held in Philadelphia?
115. **IN WHAT YEAR** was the Louisiana Purchase?
116. **IN WHAT YEARS** was the Civil War fought?
117. What English economic policy led to the American Revolution?

118. Which battle was a turning point in the American Revolution?

119. Which American government was established during the war?

120. Which treaty ended the American Revolution?

121. What is republicanism?

122. What are checks and balances?

123. What is federalism?

124. What is separation of powers?

125. What is popular sovereignty?

Territorial Growth of the United States (includes U.S. MAP on last page)

Indicate in what year the following areas were added to the United States:

- United States after Revolutionary War: _____
- Louisiana Purchase (from France) : _____
- Northern Dakota (ceded by Britain): _____
- Florida (from Spain): _____
- Texas (annexed by U.S.): _____
- Oregon Country (from Britain): _____
- Mexican Cession (from Mexico): _____
- Gadsden Purchase (from Mexico): _____

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**LIST OF UNITED STATES
(ABBREVIATION)**

Alabama (AL)	Montana (MT)
Alaska (AK)	Nebraska (NE)
Arizona (AZ)	Nevada (NV)
Arkansas (AR)	New Hampshire (NH)
California (CA)	New Jersey (NJ)
Colorado (CO)	New Mexico (NM)
Connecticut (CT)	New York (NY)
Delaware (DE)	North Carolina (NC)
Florida (FL)	North Dakota (ND)
Georgia (GA)	Ohio (OH)
Hawaii (HI)	Oklahoma (OK)
Idaho (ID)	Oregon (OR)
Illinois (IL)	Pennsylvania (PA)
Indiana (IN)	Rhode Island (RI)
Iowa (IA)	South Carolina (SC)
Kansas (KS)	South Dakota (SD)
Kentucky (KY)	Tennessee (TN)
Louisiana (LA)	Texas (TX)
Maine (ME)	Utah (UT)
Maryland (MD)	Vermont (VT)
Massachusetts (MA)	Virginia (VA)
Michigan (MI)	Washington (WA)
Minnesota (MN)	West Virginia (WV)
Mississippi (MS)	Wisconsin (WI)
Missouri (MO)	Wyoming (WY)



Instructions for Map Exercise (see Textbook, pp. 379 and 620-621):

1. Please identify **ALL** fifty (50) of the United States. (Use the list of abbreviations at right.)
2. Please indicate the territorial growth of the United States by lightly shading these regions:
 - + United States to 1783 (blue—it's okay!)
 - + Louisiana Purchase, 1803 (green)
 - + Ceded by Britain, 1818 (gray)
 - + Florida, 1819 (brown)
 - + Texas, 1845 (red)
 - + Oregon Country, 1846 (purple)
 - + Mexican Cession, 1848 (orange)
 - + Gadsden Purchase, 1853 (yellow)